





The disgusting efforts of the *Courier-Journal* to manufacture public sentiment for Thompson in the terrible tragedy of Friday last, is having the contrary effect here and elsewhere. It has put sensible men to thinking, why, if he is guilty of no crime should these strenuous efforts be put forth to make it appear so before a legal investigation has been had? Looking at the matter even from Mr. Thompson's remarkable statement, there appears too much of a cut and dried arrangement all through. The unfortunate affair occurred last November, and Mr. T. acknowledges that he was informed of at least a part of the circumstances. Then was the time for him to come home and if after a thorough investigation he had found the worse true, and had slayed the author of his wife's disgrace, there would have been found no man in Kentucky but who would have applauded the act. But he waits two months after Congress adjourns, spends a time in New York and then comes home where he remains a day or two near Davis and when as he, after avowing his innocence, leaves no doubt to avoid trouble, he is followed up and shot dead as he retreats from his slayer, who is in company with two trusted friends. Then the scene in court, when Thompson delivers himself of a speech unlike what would be expected from one in his frame of mind and the unjustifiable act of Judge Hardin in extending sympathy and allowing bail under such circumstances, all look on the surface as prearranged and premeditated. This, we say, is the way the matter looks to the unbiased and unprejudiced, and yet we think we know Mr. Thompson, for whom we have always entertained friendship and regard well enough to believe that he would not take the blood of his fellow-man unless he was thoroughly convinced in his own mind that he deserved death. Under such conviction we can readily see how he could have done any thing to avenge the dishonor and disgrace heaped on him and his act would, according to the unwritten law, be both justifiable and commendatory. But taking all the facts as they appear we think that when the matter is thoroughly investigated it will be shown that Mr. Thompson is the victim of a designing woman and that his wife has been guilty of no sin further than that of intoxication and its consequent indiscretions. We can't conceive how a man of any intelligence could have acted as Davis is charged, when he well knew that his life alone would pay the forfeit of his damning crime.

GEN. GREEN B. RAUM, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, after a service of six years and nine months has resigned, giving as a reason that the responsibilities of the office are out of proportion to the salary. Other reasons are however, hinted. One is that he is not getting along very well with the administration, and another is that he wishes to act as attorney for the tobacco and whisky men, out of whom he sees a chance to make a fortune. Ex-Congressman Julius C. Burrows will probably succeed him.

COL. E. POLK JOHNSON, the noblest Roman of them all, has with drawn from the race for Lt. Governor and in his card expresses his mind freely as to the self-appointed bosses in Louisville, who wish to sacrifice him in the interest of Mr. Jacob for Governor. If the Convention would nominate Col. Johnson now in spite of his withdrawal, it would be a credit to the body and a compliment to a deserving man, but modest merit is seldom appreciated in these days of scramble for office.

The appointment of Keim, a Grant-Cameron toady to be Chief Examiner for the Civil Service Commission is generally condemned by the press. The New York Sun says: "The selection is evidence that the Commission, instead of being a non-partisan body, is likely to degenerate into a component part of the great republican machine, operated for the sole purpose of putting republicans into office, fit or unfit, and keeping them there forever."

In speaking of the Crittenden trial the Louisville Democrat says that "the jury that brought in that verdict ought to be branded—those that voted against conviction. The result is a deep disgrace upon this community and upon the fame of the State. It seems to us that the grand jury should investigate the conduct of that 'hung jury' and ascertain what 'hung' them."

That the law's delay is the criminal's safest way to escape punishment is fully demonstrated by the case of Charles F. Kring, who eight years ago cowardly and cruelly murdered in St. Louis a virtuous wife, Mrs. Dora Broemer, with whom he fell desperately in love, because she refused to elope with him. Since the deed, he has been confined in jail but on Friday he was admitted to bail in the sum of \$3,000, because of the doubt of the State being able to convict him, as most of her witnesses have died or disappeared. There have been six trials of the case. Twice he was convicted and sentenced to be hung, the Court of Appeals reversing the judgment each time, but waiting in the second conviction till all the preparations were made for his execution, only announcing their decision twelve hours before it was to occur. Then followed two trials in which there were hung juries. The next time he pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree but when he found the jury had given him twenty-five years in the penitentiary he withdrew his plea, just in time to escape punishment. At the sixth and last trial he was again sentenced to be hung but his counsel carried the case to the Supreme Court of the U. S. which reversed it on a peculiar legal point. Thus has his shrewd attorneys worn the case out and the four times convicted murderer is free again with no prospect of suffering further for his diabolical deed. Next to a soft-hearted governor to pardon, the law's delay is the surest chance for a law breaker, which fact they all seem to appreciate.

WILLIAM MACDUFF, a stock-broker in New York, "laid on" the other night and damned if he cried "Hold enough," until he had killed his wife, his son and himself. An unfortunate speculation had unsettled his mind.

The Covington Commonwealth calls Attorney General Nuckols a military dude, and says he ought to be retired. We don't know so much about the first but we heartily approve of the latter proposition.

The Louisville Law School has just turned out 21 graduates to steal or starve to death unless there is a boom in litigation.

#### NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Failures last week 182.  
—Four inches of snow fell in Quebec, Friday.  
—Another figuring at the expense of the Neal and Craft trials shows that they have already cost \$44,965.84.

—The contract for building the new Opera-House in Frankfort, has been let to a Chicago firm for \$19,945.

—The New York Legislature has passed a bill retiring school teachers on half pay upon reaching the age of 70 years.  
—The killed and wounded by the Mississippi tornado are figured up by the New Orleans Times-Democrat. Killed, 193; wounded, 338.

—The trial of Fagen, for the murder of Secretary Burke in Phoenix Park, resulted in a verdict of guilty. He will be hanged on May 28th.

—Chancellor Edwards, of Louisville, has decided that the license fee of \$100 for selling goods by sample in that city is valid and constitutional.

—The Cincinnati News appeared yesterday as the News-Journal, having bought out the Morning Journal, a penny paper of republican proclivities.

—Frank, who killed his partner Clark, at Williamstown, was held for murder and refused bail. He was sent to the Covington jail for safe keeping.

—Louisa B. Stephens is the first woman to become President of a bank. She succeeds her late husband in the First National Bank of Marion, Iowa.

—George Ware, who murdered a boy named Robert Bethune at Muscle Shoals last week, was taken from the jail at Florence, Ala., Saturday and hanged.

—Hon. W. C. Owens, ex-Speaker of the Kentucky House of Representatives, was Saturday renominated for the Legislature by the Democrats of Scott county.

—The Court of Appeals recently decided that the compensation and wages earned by a married woman were free from the claims and control of her husband.

—Precinct conventions were held in Shelby county Saturday, when Knott received 26 votes and Jones two. The story that Davis to be Knott's Secretary of State must be true.

—On Friday Henry Dubosey was hanged for the murder of his wife, in Elizabeth, N. J. He sold his body for \$15 to a physician. He examined the scaffold critically and suggested that the rope be soaped.

—Congressman John D. White's bride is spoken of by those who know her as a young lady of intelligence, but not especially remarkable for personal attraction. Her marriage, however, refutes the first assertion.

—The Kentucky Court of Appeals has decided that Magistrates are entitled to \$2 per day and not \$2 for each criminal case they examine. They will, however, get around that mighty easy by examining one case a day.

—Gen. Raum is of the opinion that the reduction of the tax on tobacco will be of but small benefit to consumers owing to the advanced cost of the raw material and the demand for increased wages on the part of the workmen.

—The Wayne county democrats have instructed for Owsley, for Governor; Hindman, for Lt. Governor; Hardin, for Attorney General; Hewitt, for Auditor; Tate, for Treasurer; Smith, for Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Corbett, for Register.

—The Supreme Court of the United States decides that the United States is not a preferred creditor of a National bank that has failed owing it money, and that it must come in with other creditors and take its share of the assets.  
—Mrs. Francis M. Scoville, sister of the notorious Guitzen, and who was recently divorced from her husband, has made application to the courts to have her name changed to that of the maiden name of her mother, Howe. We don't blame her.  
—The city of Richmond, Va., is overrun by a body of daring thieves whose repeated depredations have caused the citizens to arm themselves to protect their homes and property. Timid ladies fear to remain alone in their homes, and in cases of illness several fatal results have followed from fright.

—The law taxing the sale of spirituous liquors at \$200 and malt liquors at \$100, recently passed by the Ohio Legislature, went into effect yesterday. Many of the saloon-keepers, either unwilling or unable to pay the tax, are putting up their shutters and the temperance people are comparatively happy.

—Dr. M. Tabler has leased the South-western R. R. running from Harrodsburg to the C. & O. R. R. for 6 years for \$12,000 cash. He also relieves the road of its indebtedness and keeps it in order. The Enterprise says the Dr. has already expended \$40,000 on the road, and pays him a well deserved compliment for his public spiritedness.

#### LINCOLN COUNTY.

Highland.

—Dr. Davis will move this week to Level Green, Rockcastle county.  
—Isaac and Thomas Terry are engaged in getting out tanbark near South Fork Trestle.

—Mr. J. J. Rust, will deliver a temperance lecture at the M. E. church next Sunday at 11 A. M.

—Frank Horton, of New Albany, Ind., arrived last week. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Austin, of Garrard, are visiting their relatives here. Mr. S. Spoonamore and Miss Ora Hale, of Stanford, were visiting Miss L. B. Young, Sunday.

—W. R. Cook cut his left leg severely last Friday while chopping in the tanbark woods. A falling limb had struck him on his shoulder a few minutes before, stunning him considerably. After resting a few minutes he began chopping again when his arm gave way suddenly, causing him to cut his leg. It bled 12 hours or more before it was dressed.

#### HUSTONVILLE.

—The mill will be in full operation next week.

—Mrs. Betsy Swigert died last week near Jasper's Store, aged 86.

—The Bank is an object of interest, especially since the arrival of the safe. Billy Williams guards the latter to prevent a larceny of the combination.

—Not "dead nor sleeping," but disposed to envy the man who has the privilege of either condition. Further explanations will be unnecessary when it is known that the great domestic cyclone known as "house cleaning" set in about ten days since and still continues with unabated violence. Again, not having access to the telephone, the thousand good things which bubble up and plead for utterance, become stale by age, or are swallowed up in the thronged procession of events before the tardy two days' mail can transport them to your office. Hence the Hustonville letter is frequently missing.

—One topic of peculiar interest now, especially since it is generally known that Dr. Brown was not at the circus. It affords me pleasure to give assurance that he is rapidly improving. He suffered from no pronounced disease, but was simply broken down by overwork. Rest, good company and a good conscience have co-operated to set him up again. While dealing with the profession I may as well add a paragraph in reference to the unexpected advent among us of Dr. Thos. Bailey, of northern Texas. Tom was, even in early life, a model boy—something after the model, however, of that historic youth whom Peck has made immortal. But he has developed into a very solid looking and pleasant gentleman. He will require some days to become acquainted with his numerous relatives who have been changing and multiplying during the 28 years of his absence. Mrs. Carrie Hopper is not regarded as improving, but is not considered worse. Mr. Greenberry Adams started on Saturday morning for Montgomery, Ala., where he has secured a business situation. He bears with him the best wishes of the entire community here. We were glad to meet our old friend John Blain, of your place, who with his clever wife was visiting relatives here. Soc Owens and wife have gone to the beautiful Cumberland Falls to make preparations for the coming visitors of the season. Have just received a characteristic letter from R. L. Grinnan, formerly of Lancaster, now of St. Louis, who is representing in the southern field the clothing house of P. Pfeiffer, of N. Y. I am also in receipt of a pamphlet amusing and instructive couched in the most sonorous Spanish, bearing the postmark of Brazil and treating, so far as can be gathered from a very cursory perusal, of the novel controversy between Romanism and Protestantism. Shall take pleasure in sending the book to any one desirous of obtaining a luminous treatise on said dispute.

#### BOYLE COUNTY.

Danville.

—A number of friends of Mr. J. G. Ake, died with him on Sunday, at that very popular hotel the Clemens House. Mr. Ake is a native of Mississippi, having been born and reared near Natchez.

—A large number of Boyle county citizens have been summoned to appear at Harrodsburg on Tuesday, as witnesses in the case of the Com'th. vs. E. D. Ball, charged with killing Jeff Robards.

—Rev. H. C. Morrison, Misses Mary E. Myers, Eva Cooke, Madie White, Pattie McGee and Dora Bryant composed a party who came down from Stanford last week to hear Bishop Dudley preach.

—Mr. R. H. Lacy, of Nashville, was here on Thursday, visiting his friends, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Nichols, at Gilches. Mr. Lacy is the Southern passenger agent of the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis R. R. and the Vandalia Line. Also South-eastern passenger agent of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis R. W. with headquarters in the Maxwell Hotel building at Nashville.

—Miss Belle Beard is visiting her sister Mrs. Geo. T. Schoolfield. Prof. D. C. Dudley, who has been spending several months at Thompsonville, Ga., returned on Saturday, improved in health. Mr. Peter Fox, of Louisville, is visiting his parents, Ex-Judge and Mrs. F. T. Fox.  
—Jas. Minor sold to a gentleman from Cleveland, O., a good bay gelding for \$225. Wakefield & Farris sold on Saturday to Henry Dunn, of Garrard county, a pair of gray mare mules 16 hands high for \$280. Thos. E. Wood on Saturday sold to Rich'd Cobb, 15 long 2-year old 900 lb. cattle at \$50 per head.

—Quite a number of Danville people will witness the Dramatic Festival at Cincinnati this week. Among them Miss Annie McAllister, Miss Mary Dunlap, Miss Sallie Cook, Mrs. Geo. Welsh, Miss Mattie Gentry, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Cecil, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Caldwell, Dr. Fayette Dunlap, Mr. Royce E. Rhodes, Mr. Andrew Whitely, Mr. R. M. Durham, Mr. Henry Evans, Mr. Jno. Fleece, Mr. Wm. Welsh, and Mr. W. W. Wiseman.

—The meeting which has been in progress at the Baptist church for about ten days will close Tuesday night. There have been 29 additions up to the present time. After the close of the meeting Rev. T. P. Hale, the pastor of the Church will go to Waco, Texas, where he will remain until the 1st of June, when he will return to Danville and take up his residence permanently. He is very popular with his congregation and much liked by all who have made his acquaintance.

—Mr. Robert Taylor, a pestiferous young gentleman of African descent, who has been into every species of devilment that he could get into conveniently, last week knocked Charles Robinson in the head, and almost killed him. Bob dodged the officers until Saturday, when he was run in and kept until this morning, when he was sent to the work-house. Yesterday morning he wrote his old mistress a very pathetic note asking her to have him released from jail. But old mistress has become tired of Bob's promises of reform and refused to interfere, so Bob cracks rock.

—The young gentlemen of Danville, gave a ball at the Central Hotel Friday night, which was a very pleasant affair and was attended by the following named ladies and gentlemen: Misses Susie Hayden, Harrodsburg, Nannie and Sophie Bright, Mammie Metcalfe, Mattie Kenney, Bertie Sewlin, Sadie Cook, Mattie and Lulu Duke, Messrs. W. T. Guest, H. H. Evans, J. W. Guest, Jr., R. G. Evans, W. H. Robinson, E. Hundley, W. W. Wiseman, Messrs. Owens and Coles, W. D. Moore, Harry Moore, Gill Boyle. Mrs. G. H. Dobyns, Mrs. I. S. Warren and several other ladies were present a part of the time as spectators.

#### MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by John B. Fish.

—There was a heavy frost Sunday night.

—A foreman on the K. C. R. R. had his head lacerated considerably by a convict last week.

—J. H. Ottor sold the Town Hill property to J. Haas, a Swiss gentleman for \$600. Mr. Haas and family are here and will take possession immediately.

—Jas. Dickson has given bail and been released from the Local Jail. James and S. F. Brington and Galion Fowler have been released on \$300 bail each.

—Huston Odom who has been on a protracted drunk for two weeks, was placed in jail Saturday. He had become perfectly wild and attacked several persons with rocks and sticks and at last tried to kill himself by laying across the railroad track in front of a moving car.

—An accident below Livingston last Friday caused the train to be delayed two hours, consequently the people along the railroad did not get in at the opening of the show. The evening train waited until after 4 o'clock in order that the passengers of the morning train might see the concert.

—The following list of marriage licenses have been issued since last report: J. R. Mink to Candace Barnett; James Hester to Lucy Hiden; C. A. Mullins to Lucy Mullins; James Sprig to Sadie Moore; M. M. Abney and America Abney; B. P. Morton to Pattie Proctor; M. J. Durham to Annie E. Pursell.

—Among the visitors at this place I noticed R. R. Walton, B. M. of the *LEXINGTON JOURNAL*; A. R. Dye, editor of the *Mountain Echo*; John Jackson and wife, London; Willis Adams, Jr., and family, Paint Lick; David Thompson, Garrard county; J. D. Sandler, Pine Hill; Miss Helen Conn, Earlsville; Mrs. Teltia Graham and Miss Alice Ward, Livingston and others too numerous to mention.

—The circus came and with it came a set of swindlers and gamblers. The people did not turn out in as large numbers as was expected, only about 500 attended. Almost every one expressed themselves as well pleased with the performance. The swindlers also got in their work here, but not so extensively as they did at some other places. Some of the boys lost as high as \$50, but the majority of losses were from \$5 to \$10.

#### PULASKI COUNTY.

Somersett.

—The Adams Express office has been moved to the store-room of S. W. Hicks.

—H. G. Litton has commenced the foundation for his new brick residence near the residence of Robert Gibson.

—J. L. Owens was brought from a Cincinnati private asylum unimproved in mind, and will soon be sent to one of the State asylums.

—The Grand Jury adjourned Saturday, having put in two weeks of constant and persistent investigation. Before adjourning they complimented sheriff Shepperd by a vote of thanks for efficient services.

—Merritt was convicted and will be sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Ten of the jury were for the death penalty. The case of Coyle for the murder of Lewis Owens was called Thursday afternoon, a change of venue asked and rejected, and the case continued. J. M. Hansford has been indicted for the killing of Jim Reynolds. Upon hearing of the indictment Mr. Hansford immediately surrendered himself and tendered his resignation as marshal. Although the indictment will really amount to nothing except unnecessary expense, Mr. Hansford's friends regret it, because it is generally acknowledged that he has been the most efficient officer the town has ever had, and the indictment will only encourage desperadoes. Civil cases occupied the court Friday and Saturday morning, and then the court adjourned until Monday morning. The grand jury has returned 112 indictments.

—A few weeks since a portion of the earth on the land of W. H. Waddle, sank, leaving a hole, on the side of a hill, about fifty feet in diameter and of an unknown depth. Some are inclined not to believe the story, but many have visited the place and viewed the immense hole. It is thought to be several hundred feet deep. A rope 100 feet long with a heavy weight at one end has been dropped into the hole, but no bottom found. Large trees were growing on the ground and they went down into hole out of sight. Since its first discovery the earth has been carving in a round ditch hole, and immense rocks, some of which would weigh probably twenty tons fell in and shook the earth and making a noise like distant thunder for a few seconds. A few days since another part of land adjoining the hole, sunk to a depth of 12 or 15 feet. A party of young men went down into the place by the side of the deep hole and discovered an immense cave, one room of which was about 150 feet square. The mill of Tate, Pinnell & Co., is very near the place, and some of their saw logs fell into the hole and went out of sight.

## Garrard County DEPARTMENT.

ROBT. R. WEST, Editor.

### LANCASTER.

—Quite a number of town dogs were poisoned Saturday night and Sunday.

—We understand that a gentleman of this county will shortly erect a planing mill at this place.

—Mrs. Moody Hardin desires to inform her many friends that she has just received a choice line of millinery goods for spring and summer wear.

—W. C. Bailey sold his drug store to Robt. E. McRoberts, son of Jno. McRoberts, of Lincoln county to day and will begin invoicing this evening.

—We would like for some one who knows to tell us what is the matter with our democratic friends over in Boyle. They seem to be on a general kick.

—Prof. H. K. Taylor, of Lewis county, who is a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, is a brother-in-law of our esteemed fellow citizen Joseph P. Sandler.

—An ordinance has been passed by the Board of Trustees prohibiting the running of hogs at large on the streets. The Marshal has given notice that he will put all porkers in the straw pen found on the streets after the 6th day of May.

—Mr. A. B. Elkin, of Louisville, formerly editor of the *Alpha*, at this place, has been visiting relatives here for several days. Dr. W. S. Elkin, of Atlanta, Ga., is expected here in a few days on a visit to relatives. Col. Sam Burdett, was in Mt. Vernon, on business last week.

—The news of the killing of Walter H. Davis by Hon. Phil B. Thompson, created considerable excitement in town Friday morning. Mr. Thompson has the sympathy of the entire community. The universal feeling is that he did what any man, who had the courage to defend his family and name would have done.

—Some weeks ago we mentioned in this column a visit of Mr. Wm. Pickett, son of Prof. Jos. D. Pickett, to this place, in the interest of his father. From what we learned from Mr. Wm. P. and have since gathered, the Prof. is not very hopeful of his re-election, and having seen a copy of the *INTERIOR JOURNAL* containing a short article on the treatment of the Prof. of Mr. B. M. Burdett, Mr. Wm. Pickett made the said visit in order if possible, to explain why the Prof. acted as he did. We will not give the flimsy excuse he gave for his father's actions, but will say that if Prof. Pickett desires to promote his own interest by bending to the will of politicians in Frankfort and Louisville, we, nor the democrats of this part of the State have any objections, but we don't propose to support any such man, his sweet smiles and slick tongue to the contrary notwithstanding. Prof. P. we suppose is a very clever sort of fellow in his way, but Garrard county don't exactly like his way. We propose to show him that he can't ignore the claims of our candidate and then honey us into supporting him.

### LANCASTER ADVERTISEMENTS.

B. F. WALTER, SURGEON DENTIST, LANCASTER, KY. Office over Citizens National Bank. Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 5 P. M.

SAM M. BURDETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LANCASTER, KY. Will practice in Garrard and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

H. C. KAUFFMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LANCASTER, KY. Master Commissioner Garrard Circuit Court. Will practice in all the Courts of Garrard and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

L. W. BURDETT. B. M. BURDETT.

### L. W. Burdett & Co.

Now own and are running—

### THE OLD FLOYD MILL!

On Dix River, 8½ miles from Danville and 3½ miles from Bryantville. They have put into the Mill

### ALL THE LATE IMPROVEMENTS

For making the best Patent Flour, but are making nothing but the pure Straight Flour, which has all the elements of the wheat in it and ground only by water; they make their Flour from pure country-made wheat—no elevators. Try their Flour, for sale at the groceries in Stanford. (140-1)

### Landreth's Garden Seeds

In Bulk, and the Nicest Line of FURNITURE

In Lancaster at the

"ENTERPRISE GROCERY,"

LANCASTER, KY.

Proprietors—

### GEO. D. BURDETT & CO.,

Notice!

We have placed all of our notes and accounts in the hands of Mr. Peyton for collection, and parties indebted to us will save costs and trouble by settling with him at once.

B. M. MATTINGLY, R. T. MATTINGLY.

140-4

H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR, Stanford, - - - - Kentucky,

HEADQUARTERS W. H. HIGGINS' FOR

Shelf Hardware, Iron, Spokes, Horse Shoe Nails, Buggy Shafts, Farming Implements,

Such as Oliver Plows, Meikle and Avery Double Shovel, and the Brinkley Turning and Single and Double Shovel and one-horse Harrow combined. No farmer should be without it.

Straw Cutters, Improved Hocking Valley Corn Shellers,

Evans' Corn Drills, Hand Corn Planters,

And the Best Pump in The Market, the Mayfield Elevator.

The unrivaled Jewel Range Cook Stoves, Step Stoves, Tinware, Bird Cages, Barbed and Annealed Wire, Lime, Salt, Cement, Plaster Paris, &c. A general stock of Groceries, Wooden, China and Glassware.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

In order to get control of the best and most popular line of Agricultural Implements and Pleasure Vehicles, and also in order to enable us to purchase in such quantities as to obtain the largest discounts and lowest rates of freight, I have established branch Ware Rooms and Agents at Hustonville, Lancaster and Richmond, and under this arrangement, we feel sure we can offer the Farmers

Many Inducements Over the Majority of Dealers.

I keep on hand at all times at my several Ware Rooms a large stock of

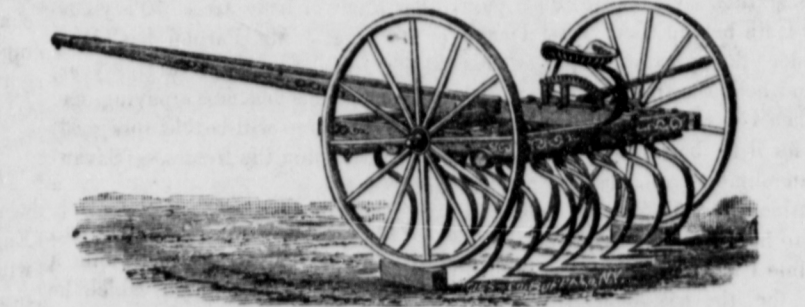


Buggies, Carriages, Spring Wagons, Farm Wagons, Log Wagons,



For making the best Patent Flour, but are making nothing but the pure Straight Flour, which has all the elements of the wheat in it and ground only by water; they make their Flour from pure country-made wheat—no elevators. Try their Flour, for sale at the groceries in Stanford. (140-1)

Railroad Cars, Reapers, Mowers, Hay Bales, Grain Drills, Broadcast Seeders, Sulkey Harrows, Sulkey Plows, Walking and Riding Cultivators, Corn Drills, Corn Planters, Feed Cutters, Corn Shellers, Farmers' Boilers, and many other items.



I am also prepared to furnish prices and estimates of all kinds of Engines, Saw Mills, Threshing Machines, Hay Presses, Straw Stackers, Wind Mills, Horse Powers, and various other kinds of machinery.

Parties in want of any goods in my line will lose nothing by seeing me before purchasing.



[Kalamazoo Spring Tooth Harrow.]

Also handle Grain and Seeds of all kinds; also Hay and Wool.

[Moline Sulkey Plow.]

### GEORGE D. WEAREN, Stanford.

GREEN & WILLIAMS, Managers Hustonville Depot

W. L. WITHERS, Manager Lancaster Depot

R. H. WEAREN, Manager Richmond Depot

(Corn Planter.)







## HOPE.

Little word so full of meaning,  
How you brighten many a way;  
Help the laborer in his gloaming,  
Make his heart often gay.  
Mistakes of life which bring us sorrow  
Are made lighter by its light,  
With a hope of a brighter tomorrow,  
When the stars shall be all fair.  
When rough trials crowd life's pathway,  
And our days are dark and drear,  
Then this one word casts its bright ray,  
And to our hearts brings comfort dear.  
Hope shines forth to guide us onward;  
Makes us battle hard with fate;  
Gives us courage to push forward;  
Makes us strong to watch and wait.  
The bluest clouds hide the sunshine;  
Look beyond and see the light.  
There's a future place where in the glad sunshine  
Live on, and hope for days more bright.

## EFFECT UPON EUROPE OF THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

The voyage of Columbus in 1492 was in many respects the greatest event which had occurred in the world since the birth of Christ. Politically and socially it was the beginning of an entirely new chapter in human history, and it wrought effects upon men's speculative thinking which, perhaps less conspicuous, were not less real or remarkable. In much more than the mere geographical sense was this the discovery of a new world. It was the first in a complicated series of events which four centuries have not yet fully rounded into a period; the foundation of a new Europe in America, in Africa, in Australia and in the islands of the Pacific; the rise of the English race to political and commercial supremacy, and the advance of the English language toward what may become universal dominion; the reorganization of government upon a higher plane than the middle ages had even been able to foresee; the renovation of society in the old Europe through countless subtle influences; the permanent triumph of the industrial over the predatory spirit; the successful assertion of individual freedom against the paralyzing absolutism inherited from the Roman empire; the overthrow of sacerdotalism, and the Christianization of the world. It would probably be too much to assert that some of these desirable results might not have been attained, so far as the old Europe is concerned, even if the lands beyond the sea had never been explored and colonized. It is unquestionable, however, that the progress would have been much slower and much more subject to interruption. The part performed by England, for example, in the work of European civilization since the age of Elizabeth has been so immense and so complicated that no elaboration of analytic description can do it justice. Yet England in Elizabeth's time was hardly a first-class power, and but for the colonization of America in the seventeenth century it is difficult to see in what way she would so surely or so soon have gained the commercial supremacy which gave her in the eighteenth the dominion of the ocean, and thus secured her the foremost position in the world. To those—and there are many such in America—who are in the habit of regarding American history as a dry and uninteresting study, it may be a profitable matter of reflection that since the beginning of the seventeenth century it is impossible to follow intelligently the affairs of the old Europe through a single generation without constant reference to the New World.—John Fiske, in Harper's Magazine.

## THE PINE FORESTS OF CALIFORNIA.

The mountains of California are heavily clothed with pines; two of the most valuable being the sugar pine and the heavy-wooded pine. A writer on the vastness of the supply of timber in the State says: There is probably more timber, and of a quality not surpassed in the State, in Fresno county than in any other in California. The timber belt extends along the Sierras a distance of fully 200 miles and varies from ten to forty miles in width. When the trober in the more accessible sections is exhausted, this valuable belt will be attacked, and its almost inexhaustible supply will give employment to thousands of persons, and will require millions of capital to handle it. The first incentive will be the California Central railway. This will tap the same belt now being worked by the Madera Flume and Trading Company, but in time other roads will be built to tap the pines on the south side of the San Joaquin and of King's rivers. There are millions of dollars in the piney forests of Fresno county.

## THE ALBANY EXPRESS.

The Albany Express is afraid that a good many people go to church simply for the purpose of keeping up a bowing acquaintance with the Almighty. This true gentleman is one who vaunts himself upon nothing. "I see," said Mrs. Brown, "that in this boat race, the Scandinavians took water first. Poor fellows! How thirsty they must have been! But what do they put it in the paper for?" "It doesn't mean that," jerked out Brown. "Doesn't mean that?" said Mrs. B.; "then what does it mean?" "Why," said Brown, "it means—why, it means that they were the first to take water, that's all. You women can never understand anything." "The idea of letting women vote!" said Brown at the club that evening.—Boston Transcript.

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## THE SAGACITY OF ELEPHANTS.

The following incident is translated from Cuvier's great work, entitled "The Animal Kingdom."

During the siege of Bhurtpore, in the year 1805, at one of the wells near the camp, from which the army fetched water, two elephants, one large and strong, the other weak and small, had been driven up by their respective drivers.

The smaller elephant had been provided for the occasion with a pail, which he carried on the tip of his trunk. The other one, who for some reason had not been furnished with a pail, either of his own accord or at his keeper's desire, seized the bucket, and easily wrenched it away from his fellow-servant. The latter was so sensible of his weakness openly to resent the insult, though it was obvious he felt it.

After a time the weaker animal, watching his chance when the other was standing with his back to the well, retired backward a few paces, and then, rushing forward with all his might, drove his head against the side of the other, and fairly pushed him into the well. As the surface of the water was nearly twenty feet below the level of the ground, there did not appear any chance of getting the animal out by main force, at least without injuring him.

There was a good depth of water below the elephant, who floated with ease on the surface, and, enjoying his cool retreat, did not exert himself to escape. A vast number of fagots—bundles of fagots—had been employed by the army during the siege, and it occurred to the elephant-keeper that a sufficient number of these might be lowered into the well to make a pile and reach the top, if the elephant could be instructed to lay them in regular succession under his feet.

The keeper taught the animal this lesson, and the elephant quickly began to place each fagot as it was lowered to him under his feet, until at length he was able to stand upon them.

By this time, however, the cunning animal, enjoying the cool situation, after the heat and partial scarcity of water to which he had lately been exposed, was unwilling to work any more, and all the threats of his keeper could not get him to place another fagot. The man thereupon opened cunning to cunning, and began to coax and praise the animal; and at last the elephant set to work again, and raised himself so high that by the removal of the masonry at the top of the wall he was enabled to step out on to the ground.—Chatterbox.

## THE TWO CHARGES AT BALAKLAVA.

In describing Balaklava, writers hitherto have been so deeply imbued with admiration of the Light Brigade charge that they have generally devoted but little space to that of the Heavy Brigade; but the latter was a grand affair, nevertheless. The Heavies are dragoon guards—large, strong men, and with their scarlet jackets, white gaiters and (with the exception of the Greys, who wore bearskins) brass helmets, they made a gallant show as charging with sabers on tierce, the turf flying from the hoofs of the horses and the earth literally trembling under their thundering rush, they struck the enemy with a shock that could be heard all over the valley, and with an effect that almost chilled the blood of the beholder. They fought, sabre to sabre, against great odds, and won. The light charge was daring, brilliant, dazzling; but at no point did it appear more so than when, amid smoke and flame, they closed on the battery. Then, when men and horses were lost to view, we knew that they were still there and doing their duty bravely, for, like forked lightning playing through a thunder-cloud, we could see the gleaming and flashing of their sabers and lances. I have beheld many cavalry charges since then, says a writer in the Boston Commercial Bulletin, but the charges of Balaklava will remain fresh in my memory while life lasts.

Southern ladies, who like broad verandas, speak of the stings little porches of the North.

## DREAMS.

Apologies of dreams, it is not a strange thing if writers of fiction never dream of their own creations, recollecting, I suppose, even in their dreams, that they have no real existence. I never dreamed of any of my own characters, and I feel it so impossible that I would wager Scott never did of his, real as they are. I had a good piece of absurdity in my head a night or two ago. I dreamed that somebody was dead, I don't know who, but it's not to the purpose. It was a private gentleman and a particular friend, and I was greatly overcome when the news was broken to me (very delicately) by a gentleman in a cocked hat, top boots and a sheet. Nothing else, "Good God!" I said, "is he dead?" "He is dead, sir," rejoined the gentleman, "as a door-nail. But we must all die, Mr. Dickens, sooner or later, my dear sir." "Ah," I said, "Yes, to be sure. Very true. But what did he die of?" The gentleman burst into a flood of tears, and said, in a voice broken by emotion: "He choked with a fork." I never in my life was so affected as at his having fallen a victim to this complaint. It carried a conviction to my mind that he never could have recovered. I knew that it was the most interesting and fatal malady in the world, and I wrung the gentleman's hand in a convulsion of respectful admiration, for I felt that that explanation did equal honor to his head and heart.—Letters of Charles Dickens, Vol. III.

Mr. BIBLE is running for a political office, and a contemporary thinks he will "end with Lamentations." If elected, he should be judged by his Acts, and—but it is hard to give a new version to these old puns.

## THE VOILEST OF ALL RACES.

The ancient Huns seem to have been the ugliest of all the ugly races of Central Asia; and the homeliest individual—with one exception—was probably the "Veiled Prophet of Bokhara," Mullah Ibrahimsaid, the repulsiveness of whose features was so overpowering that he did not dare to show himself without a mask, for which he afterward substituted a golden veil, whence his surname, Almunkana—"The Veiled One." Yet, his biographer, Ibn Chaldun, assures us that an elder cousin of Almunkana, who promptly declined to hide his face, exceeded him not only in ugliness but also in ugliness. This man, called Kotta Ben Lukas, and famous as a philosopher and grammarian, must actually have been the ne plus ultra of homeliness. He was an accomplished teacher of languages, but the only pupils he could procure at the Lyceum of Bagdad were adult males, of exceptional fortitude, all others being overcome by the terrors of his presence. When Almohadi, the Caliph, inquired after the best teacher of the Persian language, the name of Ben Lukas was mentioned among those of the highest merit, but when further inquiries proved this worthy to be identical with the formidable licentiate of Bagdad, Almohadi, who wanted the instructor for his own son, was earnestly advised to alter his choice, as a Prince of such tender years would surely succumb to nervous prostration at the first grammatical interview. The Caliph ridiculed these fears and ordered the grammarian to report at his court; but no sooner had Kotta Ben Lukas made his salutation to the Commander of the Faithful than he was presented with a purse of 450 golden denarii and offered fifty more if he would leave the capital before night. He had been summoned through a misunderstanding, they told him, and the Caliph did not wish it to become public that by his mistake an illustrious scholar had thus been foolishly interrupted in his studies.

## INDIA-RUBBER GATHERING.

When the hunter has found a rubber tree, he first clears away a space from the roots, and then moves on in search of other, returning to commenced operations as soon as he has marked all the trees in the vicinity. He first of all digs a hole in the ground hard by, and then cuts in the tree a V-shaped incision, with a machete, as high as he can reach. The milk is caught as it exudes and flows into the hole. As soon as the flow from the cuts has ceased the tree is cut down, and the trunk raised from the ground by means of an improviser. After placing large levers to catch the sap, gashes are cut throughout the entire length, and the milk carefully collected. When it first exudes the sap is of the whiteness and consistence of cream, but it turns black on exposure to the air. When the hole is filled with rubber, it is congealed by adding hard soap or the root of the mehuacan, which have a most rapid action, and prevent the escape of the water that is always present in the fresh sap. When coagulated sufficiently, the rubber is carried on the backs of the hunters by bark thongs to the banks of the river and floated down on rafts. The annual destruction of rubber trees in Columbia is very great, and the industry must soon disappear altogether, unless the Government puts in force a law that already exists, which compels the hunters to tap the trees without cutting them down. If this law were strictly carried out there would be a good opening for commercial enterprise, for rubber trees will grow from eight to ten inches in diameter in three or four years from seed. The trees require but little attention, and begin to yield returns sooner than any other. Those that yield the greatest amount of rubber flourish on the banks of the Sinu and Asiato rivers. The value of the crude Indian rubber imported into the States annually is about \$10,000,000.

The Western Union Telegraph Company operates 350,000 miles of wire.

## REFORM IS NECESSARY.

There is a reporter in St. Louis sworn to reform, who deserves all the encouragement his employers can give him, for, like the just man, he falls seven times a day. This is his oath: "AS I, 1882, solemnly pledge myself to avoid during the coming year the use of the following expressions in preparation of matter for the—  
"Dull talk."  
"Downy man."  
"Magnified the scaffold with a firm step."  
"The blackest crime that ever stained the annals," etc.  
"Once more it is our sad and painful duty."  
"We are pained to learn."  
"Cruel," or "Wretched," in writing up presentations.  
"Bacchanalian revel," as applied to a common drunk.  
"Then commenced a feast of reason," etc.  
"Tepidatorian revel," as applied to a ball.  
"Gradually and efficiently," in referring to hotel clerks.  
"Pencil-pusher," "The man of pencils."  
"The Faberite," "The snapper-up of unconsidered trifles," and "The man of news," in referring to self.

## ISOLATING CONVICTS.

Solitary confinement is being successfully experimented with in various prisons in Europe. For this purpose cells of sheet-iron are being constructed that are somewhat in the nature of cages. Over the door and overhead there is a network of heavy wire. A number of these cells are placed side by side in one large room of a prison. The inmates can see nothing of each other, and no conversation is permitted. Youthful prisoners are especially subjected to this mode of confinement at night and during other non-working hours, the object being to prevent the demoralizing influences resulting from imprisonment in common. This plan is at present pursued in Belgium, Italy and Ireland, and is to be introduced in Hungary.

## THE DISCOVERER OF GRANT.

A striking feature of Mr. Forney's career in politics and journalism was his discovery of Gen. Grant as Presidential candidate. The suggestion was first made by Mr. Forney in the fall of 1867, just after his return from Europe, where he had been to visit the Paris Exposition of that year, to Chief Justice Carter, of the District of Columbia, and Senator Thayer, of Nebraska. After discussing the idea for a day or two it impressed Mr. Forney favorably, and—but he can tell the story in his own words: "I retired to my rooms on Capitol hill and prepared the five-column article which appeared in the Washington Chronicle and the Philadelphia Press of Nov. 7, 1867. After it was in type Senator Thayer and myself called upon John A. Rawlins, Chief of Gen. Grant's staff, and read it to him. He instantly advised that it should appear the very next day; but I answered that Gen. Grant was not a candidate for President, and did not desire to be, and, if I printed it without authority, there was little doubt that some responsible politician would call upon him and ask him if he had been made a candidate with his sanction. He will, of course, reply that he never saw the article until it was in print, and so all your schemes to make him President gang agley. Then Rawlins took it in to Gen. Grant and staid a long time. When he returned he said, 'Gen. Grant is quite pleased with your statement of his political record, and surprised that he proves to be so good a Republican.' Of course Grant was predestined to be President of the United States, but there can be but little doubt that John W. Forney was one of the most potent instruments in the hands of the fate that shaped the civil career of the great Captain.—Philadelphia Press.

## CHANGES OF A CENTURY.

The nineteenth century has witnessed many and very great discoveries and changes:  
In 1809 Fulton took out his first patent for the invention of a steamboat. The first steamships which made regular trips across the Atlantic ocean were the Sirius and Great Western in 1830.

The first public application to practical use of gas for illumination was made in 1802.

In 1813 the streets of London were for the first time lighted with gas.

In 1813 there was built in Waltham, Mass., a mill, believed to have been the first in the world, which combined all the requirements for making finished cloth from the raw cotton.

In 1790 there were only twenty-five postoffices in the whole country, and up to 1837 the rate of postage was 25 cents for a letter sent over 400 miles.

In 1807 wooden clocks began to be made by machinery. This ushered in the era of cheap clocks.

About the year 1833 the first railroad of any considerable length in the United States was constructed.

In 1840 the first experiments in photography were made by Daguerre.

About 1840 the first express business was established.

The anthracite coal business may be said to have begun in 1820.

In 1836 the patent for the invention of matches was granted.

Steel pens were introduced for use in 1809.

The first successful trial of a reaper took place in 1833.

In 1846 Elias Howe obtained a patent for his first sewing machine.

The first successful method of making vulcanized India rubber was patented in 1839.

The retort courteous: He (after proposing and being rejected)—"I suppose in the end you will be marrying some idiot of a fellow—" She (breaking in)—"Excuse me, if I meant to do that I should have accepted your offer."

The watchmaker can't afford to do a cash business, because he makes all his profits on time.

## ARTIFICIAL PEARLS.

In France a pearl costing \$16 is now imitated for 50 cents or \$1, and so successfully as to be sold at the price of the genuine article to any one not a veritable expert, and even the latter class are often puzzled. The artificial pearl, however, is simply a glass bead or globe which is first coated on the inside with a glue made of parchment, then treated with a peculiar so-called "essence," after which it is filled with water. The essence is the chief pearly ingredient, and is obtained by rubbing together whitfish, so as to remove the scales; the whole is then strained through linen, and left to deposit its sediment, which is the essence in question. It requires about 17,000 fish to produce a pound of the pearly essence.—New York Home Journal.

BROOKLYN has a class of thirteen young ladies who are taking lessons on the violin. They want to be sure of a low.

Nox trifles with God and make sport of sin so much as those whose way of living interfere with their prayers; who pray perhaps for sobriety and wait daily for an answer to that prayer at a merry meeting or a tavern.

We are continually prone, in Christian experience, to mistake what is done in us for what is done by us.

Expect nothing from him who promises a great deal.

One of our best citizens would say to the public that he has tried Hall's Catarrh Cure and it is all that is claimed for it. Price 75c per bottle.

Catarrh is the seed of consumption, and unless taken in time is a very dangerous disease. Hall's Catarrh Cure never fails to cure. Price 75c. Sold by Penny & McAllister.

## JOS. SEVERANCE.

Late of Chenault, Severance & Co., Stanford, Ky.  
J. M. ROBINSON & CO.,  
Importers and Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions, etc.,  
537, 539, 541 Main Street, Cor. Sixth,  
LOUISVILLE, - - - KY.

## FOR SALE!

Having concluded to remove to Texas, I offer for sale my  
Residence & Business House,  
Combined in one, situated in the town of Crab Orchard, Ky., on Lancaster street. The building is two and one-half stories high, 12x25 feet and contains all eight rooms. The store-room is 20x40, with counters and shelving nicely and properly arranged, with all the outbuildings necessary to convenience and the taste of the most fastidious, and an abundance of pure water for drinking and household purposes, beautiful shade and fruit trees adorning and beautifying the entire premises, all in a good and healthy condition. Any one desiring a cheap yet valuable residence, among a clever and prosperous people, would do well to call and examine the premises before purchasing elsewhere. Terms reasonable.  
92-1f JOHN F. STRODE.

## W. T. GREEN,

STANFORD, KY.,  
—Dealer in—

## Groceries, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE,

## Harness and Saddlery,

AND  
PLOW

AND  
WAGONS.

125-1f  
In Tuition, prices range from \$25 to \$50 in the regular Departments. Primary, \$25; Intermediate, \$30; Preparatory, \$40, and College, \$60.

## MYERS HOTEL,

STANFORD, KY.

## E. H. BURNSIDE, - Propr

This Old and Well-Known  
Hotel Still Maintains its  
High Reputation,

## —AND—

Its Proprietor is Determined that  
it shall be Second to no Country  
Hotel in the State in its Fare,  
Appointments, or Attention  
to the Comfort of  
their Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations to commercial travelers. The bar is always supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

## ST. ASAPH

HOTEL.

## W. S. FRANCIS,

—PROPRIETOR—

## STANFORD, - - - KY.

—Having had this Hotel—

## Refurnished and Refitted

—From basement to garret,—

## I intend to keep it in a Strictly

First-Class Manner.

And leave nothing undone that will add to the

## COMFORT OF MY GUESTS.

## Commercial Travelers

—Are offered—

## SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

To patronize me, as I have every convenience such as NICE SAMPLE ROOMS, &c., for their use.

Baggage Transferred to and from the Depot free of charge.

Give me a call. W. S. FRANCIS.

## THE BEST

OF ALL

## LINIMENTS

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

For more than a third of a century the Mexican Mustang Liniment has been known to millions all over the world as the only reliable remedy for the relief of accidents and pains. It is a medicine above price and praise—the best of its kind. For every form of external pain the

## MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment is without an equal.

It penetrates flesh and muscle to the very bone—making the continuance of rheumatic twinges, neuralgic pains, and other forms of external disease, impossible. Its effects upon Human Flesh and the Brute Creation are equally wonderful.

## MUSTANG

Liniment is needed by somebody in every house. Every day brings news of the agony of an awful scald or burn, of a sprain, of rheumatic twinges, of neuralgic pains, or a valuable horse or ox saved by the healing power of this

## LINIMENT

which speedily cures such ailments as

Rheumatism, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Contracted Muscles, Burns and Scalds, Cuts, Bruises and Sprains, Poisonous Bites and Stings, Scurvy, etc.

Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Stiff Neck, Sore Wounds, Scalds, Hallow Horns, Scratches, Windgalls, Spavin, Thrush, Ringbone, Cold Feet, Polio, Etc., Etc., and indeed every form of external disease. It is a household necessity.

For the BRUISE CREATION it is a household necessity. It is a household necessity. It is a household necessity.

It is a household necessity. It is a household necessity. It is a household necessity.

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## CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST, SOUTH.—Rev. H. C. Morrison, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning and night except the third. Prayer Meeting every Thursday night. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Rev. H. C. Morrison, Superintendent.  
BAPTIST.—Rev. J. M. Bacon, Pastor. Services on Second and Fourth Sundays, morning and night. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday afternoon. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. R. E. Harrow Superintendent.  
CHRISTIAN.—Worship by the congregation every Lord's day. Preaching by Rev. J. W. Cox on Second and Fourth Lord's days. Sunday School at 9:15. Jos. Severance, Superintendent.  
PRESBYTERIAN, SOUTH.—Rev. I. S. McHenry, pastor. Sunday School at 9:30. John W. Scott, Superintendent. Union Prayer Meeting on Wednesday nights.

## Valuable Blue-Grass Farm

FOR SALE!

I offer for sale my Farm of 205 Acres, situated near Walnut Flat, on the Stanford & Crab Orchard turnpike, 3 miles from Stanford. About 40 Acres in cultivation; balance in grass. Good spring, plenty good timber and well adapted to stock; in a good neighborhood. Will sell at a bargain the above tract of land and give possession at any time. For further particulars, inquire of J. B. Orsley, Stanford, Ky., or write to J. B. Orsley, 1114 N. Main street, Louisville, Ky. (125-1f) J. HENRY FISH.

## Stanford Female College.

STANFORD, KY.

With a Full Corps of Teachers,

This Institution will open its Thirtieth Session on the 24 Monday in September next.

ALL THE BRANCHES OF A

## THOROUGH ENGLISH COURSE

Are taught, as well as

MUSIC, THE LANGUAGES, DRAWING AND PAINTING.

## TERMS MODERATE.

In Tuition, prices range from \$25 to \$50 in the regular Departments. Primary, \$25; Intermediate, \$30; Preparatory, \$40, and College, \$60.

For full particulars, as to Board, &c., address

MRS. M. C. TRUMBULL, Principal,  
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## HALL'S

## CATARRH CURE

IS RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS.

Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity—Chronic and Ulcerative Catarrh of the Ear, Eye or Throat—It is taken INTERIALLY and acts DIRECTLY upon the Blood and Mucous Surfaces of any kind, and is the best Blood Purifier in the world, and is worth all that is charged for it, for THAT alone.

ONLY INTERNAL CURE FOR CATARRH

IS IN THE MARKET. For any Case of Catarrh it will cure.

WILL CURE ANY CASE.

Office of A. T. STEWART & CO.,  
Chicago, Ill., June 4, 1880.

Gentlemen—I take pleasure in informing you that I have used Hall's Catarrh Cure. It has cured me—I was very bad—and don't hesitate to say that it will cure any case of Catarrh if taken properly.

Yours truly,  
J. J. WEATHERFORD.

WORTH SIX A BOTTLE.

E. MERRILL, JACKSON, Mich., writes: "I have had Catarrh for 20 years. Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me. Consider it worth \$10.00 a bottle."

Prepared by Dr. J. C. CHENEY & CO.,  
Manufactured and sold by F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Sole Proprietors, TOLEDO, OHIO.

For sale in Stanford by Penny & McAllister.

## Afflicted, Attention

## DR. GANN'S REMEDIES!

FOR THE MILLION.

MANUFACTURED BY W. K. GANN, M. D.,

MONTICELLO, KY.

The world is filled with the wonderful, beautiful and intricate diseases of man, yet all the combined talent and genius that the world has ever known has never been able to say anything that compares with "Dr. Gann's Remedies." Medical skill and science have, as yet, failed to discover anything equal to them, for the cure of the diseases for which they are recommended. As their virtues and uses are praised by thousands throughout the length and breadth of the land, and as Standard Family Medicines, they cannot be excelled, and are fully substantiated by the strongest testimonials.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Consumption and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.